

# Principles and Practice of Clinical Research

A Global Journal in Clinical Research



# PPCR

ISSN: 2378-1890

---

## Study Protocol - Impact of *Lactobacillus rhamnosus* GG on Allergic Reactions and Gut Microbiota Composition in Children with Cow's Milk Allergy: A Single-Center, Randomized, Double-Blinded, Placebo-Controlled, Phase II.

### MILK ALLERGY Trial

NA. Rivera-Rincón<sup>1</sup>, PR. Sampaio de Melo<sup>2</sup>, JC. Padilla-Ruiz<sup>3</sup>, LT. Muñoz-Sandoval<sup>4</sup>, A. Lio da Mota Gonçalves Filho<sup>5</sup>, DM. Ideriha<sup>6</sup>, B. Aguerrevere Branger<sup>7</sup>, CO. Conde Abeliuk<sup>8</sup>, H. De La Garza<sup>9</sup>, PR. Atoche Zavaleta<sup>10</sup>, S. Mitra<sup>11</sup>

*\*Corresponding author: Paulo Ricardo Sampaio de Melo, Escola Bahiana de Medicina e Saúde Pública, Av. Dom João VI, nº 274, Brotas – Salvador, Bahia, Brazil. CEP: 40285-001. E-mail: melospaulo@gmail.com*

*Rest of author's affiliation at the end of the manuscript.*

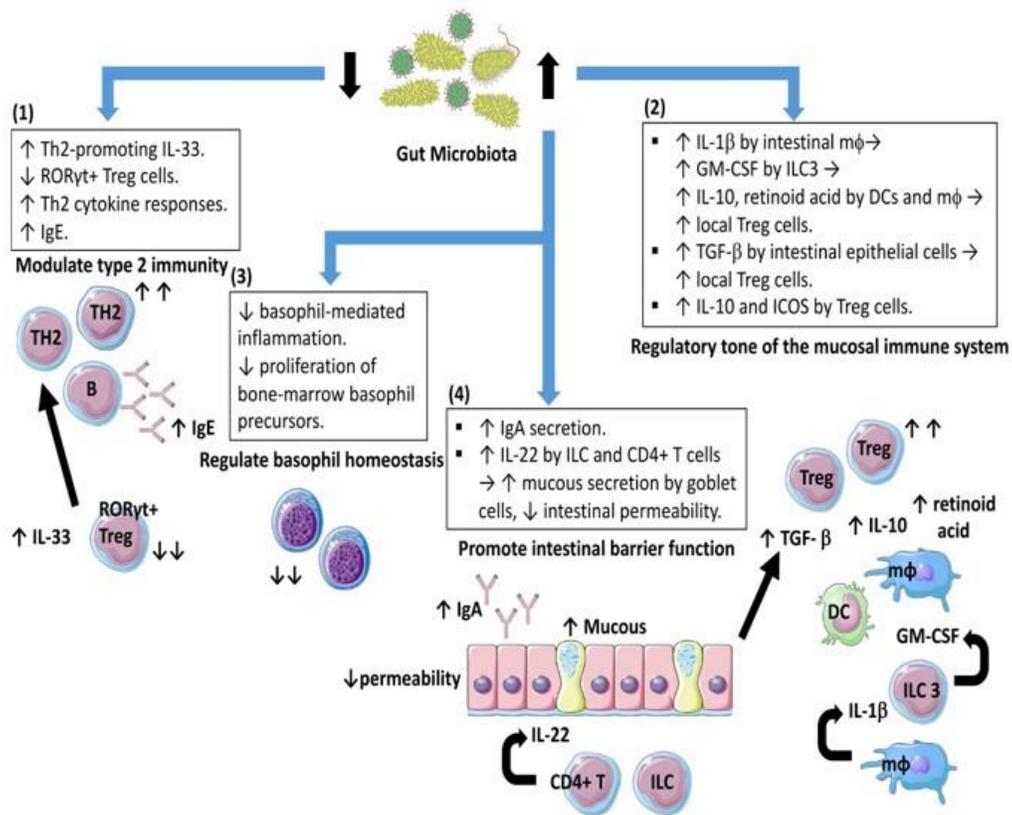
Received March 09, 2021; accepted April 28, 2021; published May 5, 2021.

---

#### APPENDICES

**Appendix A.1.**

**Mechanisms by which Gut Microbiota Modification Determines Tolerance vs. Susceptibility**



↓ (1) Gut microbiota modulate adaptive immunity.

↑ (2) Gut microbiota maintain the regulatory tone of the mucosal immune system.

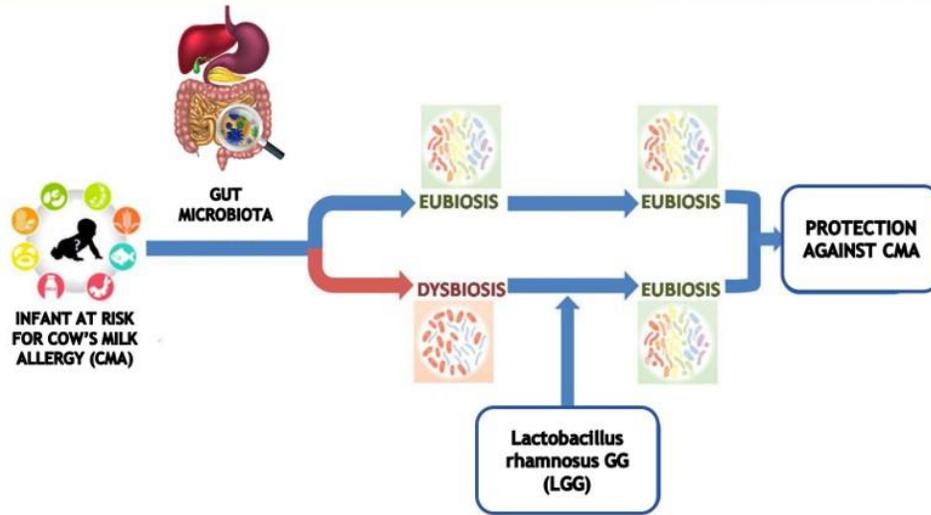
↑ (3) Gut microbiota regulate basophil homeostasis (Ohnmacht & Voehringer, 2009).

↑ (4) Gut microbiota promotes intestinal barrier function.

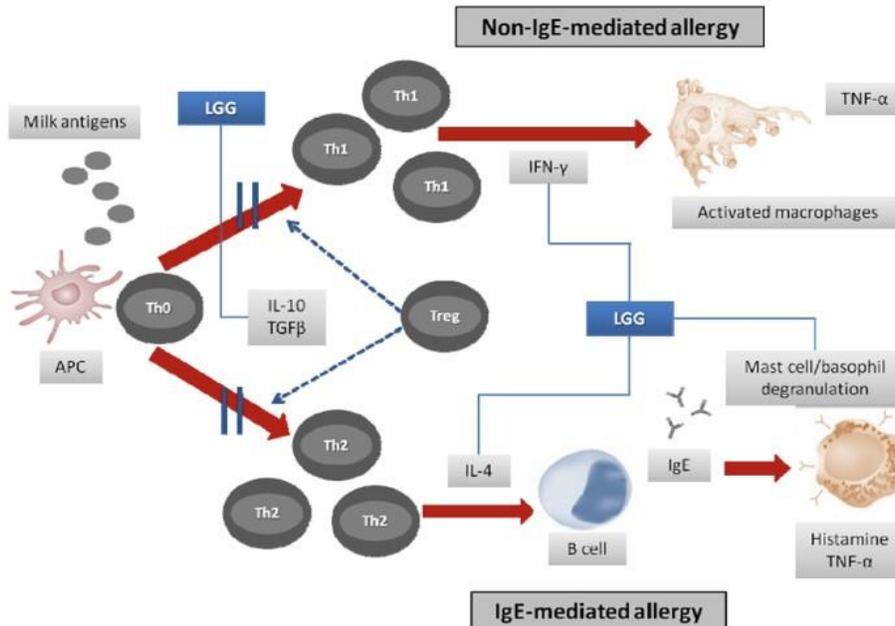
[TH2] lymphocytes T Helper Type 2 [IL-33] cytokine IL-33 [Treg] regulatory T cells [RORyt+] nuclear hormone receptor RORyt [IgA] Immunoglobulin A [IL-22] cytokine IL-22 [CD4+T] T helper cells [ILC] innate lymphoid cells [DC] dendritic cells [ICOS] Inducible T-cell COStimulator [TGF-β] Transforming growth factor beta [IL-10] cytokine IL-10 [mφ] intestinal macrophages [GM-CSF] Granulocyte-Macrophage Colony-Stimulating Factor [ILC3] type 3 innate lymphoid cells [IL-1β] Interleukin 1 beta.

Adapted from (Ho & Bunyavanich, 2018).

**Appendix A.2.**  
**Improvement of CMA: Modification of Gut Microbiota with LGG therapy**  
 Adapted from (Canani et al., 2019)



**Appendix A.3.**  
**LGG Acts on Different Mechanisms of CMA**  
 Adapted from (Canani et al., 2012)



[LGG] Lactobacillus rhamnosus GG [CMA] Cow's Milk Allergy [APC] antigen-presenting cell [Th0] naive T cell [Th1] lymphocytes T Helper Type 1 [Th2] lymphocytes T Helper Type 2 [Treg] regulatory T cells [IFN-γ] Interferon gamma [TGF-β] Transforming growth factor beta [IL-10] cytokine IL-10 [IL-4] cytokine IL-4 [TNF-α] Tumor necrosis factor α.

## Appendix B.1

### CONSENT FORM

#### MILK ALLERGY TRIAL

This is a research study for children who are allergic to cow's milk. The purpose of this trial is to see if the use of oral supplements called probiotics can improve the gut bacterial and immunological barrier on your child. With the intention that when your child ingests cow's milk in the future, he/she will not develop any symptoms or develop milder symptoms that permits him/her to ease his/her life and yours as parents.

We will treat them with a probiotic strain called *Lactobacillus rhamnosus* GG for 12 months, and we will look for clinical manifestations after oral intake of cow's milk and changes in the gut environment after the intervention.

The cow's milk exposure will be done by a standardized and validated method to diagnose food allergies called Oral Food Challenge (OFC), and it can also help determine if the diagnosed food allergy (FA) has resolved or improved after the intervention. This OFC procedure involves consuming gradual amounts of cow's milk under medical supervision. The possible risks and discomforts could include itchy rash, hives, nausea, vomiting, abdominal discomfort, diarrhea, cough, stuffy, runny nose, sneezing, facial swelling, wheezing, and shortness of breath. Major risks could include breathing difficulties and anaphylaxis. The physicians taking care of this process are committed to rigorous safety standards, including graded exposures and careful observation. Medical staff will be fully equipped to treat any symptoms that may occur, including severe ones. The challenge will be stopped if severe reactions or major risks occur. Treatment for reactions may involve administering antihistamines, corticosteroids, and/or epinephrine, observation for up to several hours, visit to an emergency department, or admission to the hospital.

This research study is expected to take approximately 15 months with one visit for screening, including an OFC and feces collection, monthly follow up phone calls, a visit for an OFC and feces collection after 12 months of treatment, and a visit for feces collection three months after finalizing of the intervention.

We cannot and do not guarantee or promise that you or your child will receive any benefits from this study. The knowledge obtained from this clinical study helps in the advancement and understanding of FA and supports the development of new approaches for its treatment or prevention. Also, note that this is a placebo-controlled study; half of the participants will receive a sham treatment. Allocation to the active treatment group or placebo group will be done at random. This is necessary to differentiate and ascertain the effect of the active treatment. The study will also be double-blinded; this means that neither you nor your child nor the research team will know which treatment your child is receiving.

Your child was selected as a possible participant in this study because he/she has a proven IgE-mediated cow's milk allergy. If you decide to terminate your participation in this study, you should notify the research team.

The participation of your child in this study is entirely voluntary. If you decide not to participate, it will not negatively affect his/her or his/her medical care. You can decide that your child participates now but withdraw your consent later and stop participating in the study without any loss of benefits or medical care to which he/she is entitled.

The purpose, risks, benefits, and alternatives of the MILK ALLERGY TRIAL have been explained to my satisfaction. I understand that there is always a possibility of a reaction to the cow's milk intake. I also understand that, as with every procedure, there is a possibility of unexpected complications over my child.

I give my consent for my child to undergo the MILK ALLERGY TRIAL.

I authorize the doctors to treat my child if allergic reactions occur. \_\_\_\_\_

Patient's Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date of Birth

\_\_\_\_\_  
Responsible Party/Guarantor Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
Relationship to Patient

\_\_\_\_\_  
Patient/Responsible Party/Guarantor Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Healthcare Provider's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Institution

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_

## Appendix B.2

### ASSENT FORM

#### MILK ALLERGY TRIAL

This is a research study for children who are allergic to cow's milk. The purpose of this trial is to see if the use of oral supplements called probiotics can improve the gut bacterial and immunological barrier in you. With the intention that when you ingest cow's milk in the future, you will not develop any symptoms or develop milder symptoms, permitting you to ease your life and of your parents.

We will treat you with a probiotic strain called *Lactobacillus rhamnosus* GG for 12 months, and we will look for clinical manifestations after oral intake of cow's milk and changes in the gut environment after the intervention.

The cow's milk exposure will be done by a standardized and validated method to diagnose food allergies called Oral Food Challenge (OFC), and it can also help determine if the diagnosed food allergy (FA) has resolved or improved after the intervention. This OFC procedure involves consuming gradual amounts of cow's milk under medical supervision. The possible risks and discomforts could include itchy rash, hives, nausea, vomiting, abdominal discomfort, diarrhea, cough, stuffy, runny nose, sneezing, facial swelling, wheezing, and shortness of breath. Major risks could include breathing difficulties and anaphylaxis. The physicians taking care of this process are committed to rigorous safety standards, including graded exposures and careful observation. Medical staff will be fully equipped to treat any symptoms that may occur, including severe ones. The challenge will be stopped if severe reactions or major risks occur. Treatment for reactions may involve administering antihistamines, corticosteroids, and/or epinephrine, observation for up to several hours, visit to an emergency department, or admission to the hospital.

This research study is expected to take approximately 15 months with one visit for screening, including an OFC and feces collection, monthly follow up phone calls, a visit for an OFC and feces collection after 12 months of treatment, and a visit for feces collection three months after finalizing of the intervention.

We cannot and do not guarantee or promise that you will receive any benefits from this study. The knowledge obtained from this clinical study helps in the advancement and understanding of FA and supports the development of new approaches for its treatment or prevention. Also, note that this is a placebo-controlled study; half of the participants will receive a sham treatment. Allocation to the active treatment group or placebo group will be done at random, and this is necessary to differentiate and ascertain the effect of the active treatment. The study will also be double-blinded; this means that neither you nor the research team will know which treatment you are receiving.

You were selected as a possible participant in this study because you have a proven IgE-mediated cow's milk allergy. If you decide to terminate your participation in this study, you and your parents should notify the research team.

Your participation in this study is entirely voluntary. If you decide not to participate, it will not negatively affect you or your medical care. You can decide to participate now but withdraw your consent later and stop participating in the study without any loss of benefits or medical care to which you are entitled.

The purpose, risks, benefits, and alternatives of the MILK ALLERGY TRIAL have been explained to my satisfaction. I understand that there is always a possibility of a reaction to the cow's milk intake. I also understand that, as with every procedure, there is a possibility of unexpected complications.

I give my assent to undergo the MILK ALLERGY TRIAL.

I authorize the doctors to treat me if allergic reactions occur. \_\_\_\_\_

Patient's Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
Patient's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date of Birth

\_\_\_\_\_  
Responsible Party/Guarantor Name

---

Relationship to Patient

---

Patient/Responsible Party/Guarantor Signature

---

Healthcare Provider's Signature

---

Institution

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_

## Appendix C

### MEDICAL HISTORY FORMAT

Center of origin

Date

Name

Contact

Parents

Age

Sex

Race/Ethnicity:

American Indian or Alaska Native  
 White/Caucasian  
 Hispanic/Latino  
 Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific  
Islander

Asian  
 Black  
 Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Length of pregnancy:

Birth weight:

Type of delivery:

Vaginal

Planned C Section

Emergency C section

Problems with the pregnancy?

Yes  No

Describe:

Were there problems during the birth?

Yes  No

Describe:

Was your child breast fed?

Yes  No

Was your child formula fed? Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

Are shots (immunizations) up-to-date? Yes ( ) No ( )

Date of Diagnostic of Milk Allergy:

Result of IgE dosage:

Type of Reaction

Upper Respiratory Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

Lower Respiratory Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

Cutaneous Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

Gastrointestinal Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

Ocular Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

Cardiovascular Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

CNS Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

Other diseases:

OTHER ALLERGIC PROBLEMS:

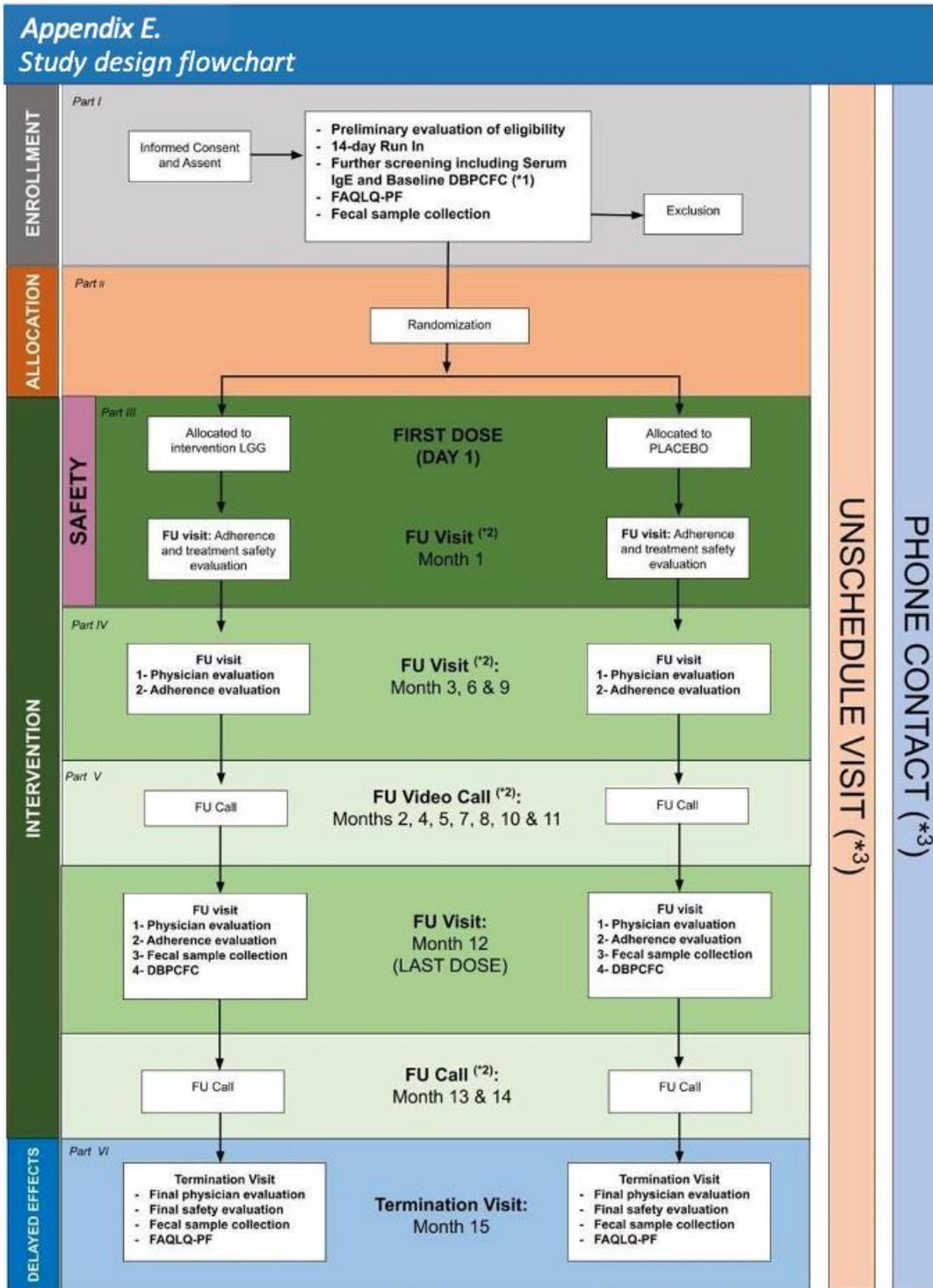
Medications in use:

Previous surgery? Yes ( ) No ( ) Describe:

Family Medical History:

Appendix D. Participant Timeline																	
Assessment/ Procedure	-28 D		D0	MONTH (+/- 7 days)													
	D1	D7		1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		13	15
														D1	D7		
ICF process	X																
Eligible criteria checklist	X		X														
Run In (14 days)	X	X															
Serum Immunoglobulin E (IgE)	X																
Fecal sample collection	X														X		X
DBPCFC	X	X												X	X		
Complete anamnesis			X														
Demographic data collection			X														
FAQLQ-PF			X														X
Web based randomization			X														
Treatment (IWRS) & adherence			X	X			X			X			X				
Followup visit				X			X			X							
Followup call				X		X	X		X	X		X	X				X
Termination visit																	X

ICF: Informed Consent Form; DBPCFC: Double-blinded Placebo-controlled Food Challenge; FAQLQ-PF- Food Allergy Quality of Life Questionnaire - Parent Form; IWRS- Interactive Web Response System; -28D: Upto 28 days before randomization; D0: Randomization and baseline; D1/D7: Day 1/7



\*1 DBPCFC: Double-blinded Placebo-controlled Food Challenge.  
\*2 FU: Scheduled Follow Up. \*3 Always available

**Appendix F.**  
**Food Allergy Quality of Life Questionnaire (FAQLQ-PF)**

<b>Because of food allergy, my child feels.....</b>		<b>Because of food allergy, my child's ability to take part has been limited.....</b>	
1	Worried about food	14	In social activities in other people's houses ( <i>sleepovers, parties, playtime</i> )
2	Different from other children	15	In preschool/school events involving food ( <i>class parties/treats/lunchtime</i> )
3	Frustrated by dietary restrictions	<b>Because of food allergy, my child feels.....</b>	
4	Afraid to try unfamiliar foods	16	Worried when going to unfamiliar places
5	Concerned that I am worried that he/she will have a reaction to food	17	Concerned that he/she must always be cautious about food
<b>Because of food allergy, my child.....</b>		18	'Left out' in activities involving food
6	Experiences physical distress	19	Upset that family social outings have been restricted by the need to plan ahead.
7	Experiences emotional distress	20	Concerned about accidentally eating an ingredient to which he/she is allergic
8	Has a lack of variety in his her diet	21	Worried when eating with unfamiliar adults/children
<b>Because of food allergy, my child has been negatively affected by.....</b>		22	Frustrated by social restrictions
9	Receiving more attention more attention than other children of his/her age	<b>Because of food allergy, my child.....</b>	
10	Having to grow up more quickly than other children of his/her age	23	Is more worried in general than other children of his/her age
11	His/her environment being more restricted than other children of his/her age	24	Is more cautious in general than other children of his/her age
<b>Because of food allergy, my child's social environment is restricted because of limitations on.....</b>		25	Is not as confident as other children of his/her age in social situations
12	Restaurants we can safely go to as a family	26	Wishes his/her food allergy would go away
13	Holiday destinations we can safely go to as a family		

## Appendix G.1. PRACTALL Scoring System

Adapted from (Sampson et al., 2012)

### I. SKIN

A. Erythematous Rash- % area involved \_\_\_\_\_

#### B. Pruritus

0 = Absent

1 = Mild, occasional scratching

2 = Moderate -scratching continuously for > 2 minutes at a time

3 = Severe – hard continuous scratching – excoriations

#### C. Urticaria/Angioedema

0 = Absent

1 = Mild – < 3 hives, or mild lip edema

2 = Moderate - < 10 hives but >3, or significant lip or face edema

3 = Severe – generalized involvement

#### D. Rash

0 = Absent

1 = Mild – few areas of faint erythema

2 = Moderate – areas of erythema

3 = Severe – generalized marked erythema (>50%)

### II. UPPER RESPIRATORY

A. Sneezing/Itching

0 = Absent

1 = Mild – rare bursts, occasional sniffing

2 = Moderate – bursts < 10, intermittent rubbing of nose, and/or eyes or frequent sniffing

3 = Severe – continuous rubbing of nose and/or eyes, periocular swelling and/or long bursts of sneezing, persistent rhinorrhea

### III. LOWER RESPIRATORY

A. Wheezing

0 = Absent

1 = Mild – expiratory wheezing to auscultation

2 = Moderate – inspiratory and expiratory wheezing

3 = Severe – use of accessory muscles, audible wheezing

B. Laryngeal

0 = Absent

1 = Mild – >3 discrete episodes of throat clearing or cough, or persistent throat tightness/pain

2 = Moderate – hoarseness, frequent dry cough

3 = Severe – stridor

### IV. GASTROINTESTINAL

A. Subjective Complaints

0 = Absent

1 = Mild–complaints of nausea or abdominal pain, itchy mouth/throat

2 = Moderate – frequent c/o nausea or pain with normal activity

3 = Severe – notably distressed due to GI symptoms with decreased activity

B. Objective Complaints

0 = Absent

1 = Mild – 1 episode of emesis or diarrhea

2 = Moderate – 2-3 episodes of emesis or diarrhea or 1 of each

3 = Severe – >3 episodes of emesis or diarrhea or 2 of each

### V. CARDIOVASCULAR/NEUROLOGIC

0 = normal heart rate or BP for age/baseline

1 = mild-subjective response (weak, dizzy), or tachycardia

2 = moderate-drop in blood pressure and/or >20% from baseline, or significant change in mental status.

3 = severe-cardiovascular collapse, signs of impaired circulation (unconscious)

### LEGEND:

#### GREEN:

- Not usually an indication to alter dosing.
- Not generally sufficient to consider a challenge positive.

#### RED:

- Objective symptoms likely to indicate a true reaction
- Usually an indication to stop dosing.

#### Orange (scores increasing to orange):

- Caution, dosing could proceed, be delayed, have a dose repeated rather than escalated.
- If clinically indicated, dosing is stopped.
- Symptoms that recur on 3 doses, or persist (e.g., 40 minutes) are more likely indicative of a reaction than when such symptoms are transient and not reproducible.
- 3 or more scoring areas in orange more likely represent a true response.

**Appendix G.2.**  
**Scoring of Allergic Reactions**

*Adapted from (Sampson et al., 2012)*

Category	Symptom	Grade			
Skin	Erythematous Rash (% Area Involved)	0	1	2	3
	Pruritus	0	1	2	3
	Urticaria/Angioedema	0	1	2	3
	Rash	0	1	2	3
Upper Respiratory	Sneezing/Itching	0	1	2	3
		0	1	2	3
		0	1	2	3
		0	1	2	3
Lower Respiratory	Wheezing	0	1	2	3
	Laryngeal	0	1	2	3
Gastrointestinal	Subjective Complaints	0	1	2	3
	Objective Complaints	0	1	2	3
Cardiovascular/ Neurologic	Heart rate or BP for age/baseline	0	1	2	3

<b>Appendix G.3. DBPCFC Data Collection Format</b>									
<b>Patient ID</b> <i>Discrete Continuous Variable</i>	<b>DBPCFC week</b> Week 1=1 Week 2=2 <i>Categorical Variable</i>	<b>Sex</b> Female=0 Male=1 Other=2 <i>Categorical Variable</i>	<b>Age at DBPCFC (years)</b> <i>Continuous Variable</i>	<b>Results of DBPCFC</b> Positive=1 Negative=0 Inconclusive=2 <i>Categorical Variable</i>	<b>CM dose that triggered symptoms during DBPCFC (mL)</b> <i>Continuous Variable</i>	<b>Time of occurrence of symptoms after CM dose during DBPCFC (min)</b> <i>Continuous Variable</i>			
<b>Scoring of Allergic Reactions (ARs) (Sampson et al., 2012)</b>									
<b>Grade of Severity of ARs (Sampson et al., 2012)</b>			Absent=0; Mild=1; Moderate=2; Severe=3 (Ordinal Categorical Variable)						
			Absent=0; Green=1; Orange=2; Red=3 (Categorical Variable)						
<b>Dermatologic</b>			<b>Upper Respiratory</b>	<b>Lower Respiratory</b>		<b>Gastrointestinal</b>		<b>Cardio-vascular/ Neurologic</b>	
<b>Erythem -atous Rash (% Area Involved)</b> <i>Continuous Variable</i>	<b>Pruritus</b>	<b>Urticaria /Angio -edema</b>	<b>Rash</b>	<b>Sneezing /Itching</b>	<b>Wheezing</b>	<b>Laryngeal</b>	<b>Subjective Complaints</b>	<b>Objective Complaints</b>	<b>Abnormal heart rate or BP for age/baseline</b>
Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>
<b>Delayed ARs if applicable (Sampson et al., 2012) for more than one episode, use a new table.</b>									
<b>Duration (min) &gt;20 minutes after last dose</b> <i>Continuous Variable</i>									
<b>Dermatologic</b>			<b>Upper Respiratory</b>	<b>Lower Respiratory</b>		<b>Gastrointestinal</b>		<b>Cardio-vascular/ Neurologic</b>	
<b>Erythem -atous Rash (% Area Involved)</b> <i>Continuous Variable</i>	<b>Pruritus</b>	<b>Urticaria /Angio -edema</b>	<b>Rash</b>	<b>Sneezing /Itching</b>	<b>Wheezing</b>	<b>Laryngeal</b>	<b>Subjective Complaints</b>	<b>Objective Complaints</b>	<b>Abnormal heart rate or BP for age/baseline</b>
Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>	Absent =0 Mild =1 Moderate =2 Severe =3 <i>Ordinal Categorical Variable</i>

## Appendix H

### VISIT FORMAT

Date:

Name:

Contact:

Age:

Sex:

D1 Intervention:

Side effects: Yes ( ) No ( )

Dates of food challenge:

<i>Documented Allergic Reactions</i>				
Skin	Upper Respiratory	Lower Respiratory	Gastrointestinal/Neurological	Erythematous
Pruritus	Urticaria/Angioedema	Sneezing/Itching	Wheezing	Laryngeal

**Appendix 11.**  
**Data Management**

Physical copies of the informed consent forms and any applicable surveys provided, such as those that will be applied for safety monitoring during the trial, will be stored onsite at the testing center with copies kept at a backup location.

All applicable research data will be entered and stored electronically at the clinical center with a backup copy stored off-site.

Participant forms and files will be stored in a categorized manner and kept in storage for no less than three years after the trial's culmination.

A subset of the original paper forms and trial data from each participating site will be queried and reviewed by independent observers to ensure quality control and compliance with ethical and legal standards.

All clinical information will be entered in an electronic format. Any data recorded in paper format will be converted to electronic as possible. An independent data-entry firm will be used for this purpose, ensuring the anonymity of the data in question. A subset of this converted data shall be queried at random and checked to ensure faithful and consistent reproduction of the inherent information and a sampling of the rate of any possible errors.

The central database shall be kept secure with password protections that shall be changed regularly. Backup hard drives shall be stored at the trial center and kept secure under lock and key in regulation steel cabinets. Regular backups shall be carried out once a month. A second set of computer backups shall be kept off-site in a climate-controlled environment. Only the steering committee members shall be authorized registered access to the hard drives. The electronic database shall be available in a two-tier system, i.e., for viewing purposes only for a subset of the involved and for the researchers' editing purposes. Any edits or modifications to the database shall also be logged under the applicable user IDs.

Any outside requests for release or editing of the information shall be delivered to the Information Technology representative assigned by the trial lead, who shall be tasked with responding in a time-sensitive and appropriate manner after conferring with the steering committee and in compliance with applicable ethical and legal bounds. Any requests for correction of errors shall be reviewed similarly - any approved edits must be made to both the electronic and paper documents with a record kept of the changes made.

The center shall ensure that its operating environment meets the study's minimum hardware and software requirements.

**Appendix 12.**  
**Data Monitoring**

Given the nature of this trial as involving pediatric participants and their exposure to potentially harmful allergens, this trial qualifies for the oversight of an independent Data Monitoring Committee (DMC).

The DMC shall be established as a body independent of the study organizers. It shall consist of five members, including a representative of the hospital ethics committee, a hospital research committee representative, an information technology specialist, a statistician, and a trial lead representative. All members shall be required to meet a minimum standard of data and information technology competency.

The committee shall be provided with access to the central database in a view-only format along with any other documents. The DMC's primary role should be to determine, through periodic review, whether there are any errors or lapses in trial safety or data management and whether the accumulating data have affected clinical equipoise to the degree that a recommendation to modify or discontinue the trial must be made.