

LOGISTIC REGRESSION TO ADJUST CONFOUNDERS ACTING AS A SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS.

Number of arteries affected by atherosclerosis in patients with AMICOVID+ and AMIDCOVID-

Adjusted by gender: P value 0.007
Adjusted by Hypertension: P value 0.009
Adjusted by Diabetes: P value 0.005
Adjusted by Smoker: P value 0.012
Adjusted by Obesity: P value 0.006
Adjusted by Chronic kidney disease: P value 0.025

Culprit coronary artery in patients with AMICOVID+ and AMIDCOVID-

Adjusted by gender: P value 0.052⁺
Adjusted by Hypertension: P value 0.12⁺
Adjusted by Diabetes: P value 0.061⁺
Adjusted by Smoker: P value 0.075⁺
Adjusted by Obesity: P value 0.054⁺
Adjusted by Chronic kidney disease: P value 0.068⁺
Adjusted by Type of myocardial infarction: P value 0.046

Percentage of luminal stenosis of the culprit artery in patients with AMICOVID+ and AMIDCOVID-

Adjusted by Adjusted by gender: P value 0.019
Adjusted by Hypertension: P value 0.019
Adjusted by Diabetes: P value 0.014
Adjusted by Smoker: P value 0.024
Adjusted by Obesity: P value 0.016
Adjusted by Chronic kidney disease: P value 0.031

MINOCA in patients with AMICOVID+ and AMIDCOVID-

Adjusted by Adjusted by gender: P value 0.0022
Adjusted by Hypertension: P value 0.0044
Adjusted by Diabetes: P value 0.003
Adjusted by Smoker: P value 0.005
Adjusted by Obesity: P value 0.002
Adjusted by Chronic kidney disease: P value 0.004

⁺: The result changed to non-statistically significant when sensitivity analysis was performed.